

Hoax	Fossils found & Date	What the fossils really revealed	What happened?
Pittdown Man	Discovered in: 1912 Fossilized Skull and Jawbone	November 1953 declared a hoax. Data testing revealed the jawbone and skull do not belong to each other!	An orangutan's jaw was added to a human skull, and the aged using potassium dichromate!
Nebraska Man	Discovered in: 1922 by Henry Osborn of the American Museum of Natural History A single tooth was found!	In 1927 Science magazine published an article where it was stated the tooth actually belonged to a wild boar!	An illustration was published of a half-man, half-ape transitional being, it was produced based on the single wild boar tooth that was found!
Neanderthal Man (Dubbed collectively as Specimen 1)	Discovered in: 1856 A skull cap, two femora, three bones from the right arm, two from the left arm, part of the left ilium, fragments of a scapula, and ribs.	An expert on the subject and evolutionist Erik Trinkhaus said that after a detailed comparisons of the remains with humans there is nothing in the Neanderthal anatomy that conclusively indicates any abilities inferior to those of humans.	The size of the skull at 200 cubic centimeters is actually greater than that of present-day humans—this reveals the invalidity of the claim that it was a transitional form between humans and apes!
Lucy	Discovered in: Africa in 1974	The fossil revealed Lucy's anatomy is ideally suited to climbing trees which is no different from other apes.	A study in 2000 discovered a locking system in Lucy's forearm enabling it to walk using the knuckles, in the same way as modern-day chimps.

